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PRACTICE PAPERS

11th ENTRANCE

Commerce / Humanities

Previous Years
**Question
Papers**



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Q1. Name the Session in which Indian National Congress passed the resolution for the protection of minorities:

- (a) Lahore Session
- (b) Karachi Session
- (c) Nagpur Session
- (d) Poona Session

Q2. 26th November is now celebrated in India as:

- (a) Constitution Day
- (b) Fundamental Rights Day
- (c) Parliament Day
- (d) Justice Day

Q3. The type of democracy which supports economic and social interventions to promote social justice is called:

- (a) Economic Democracy
- (b) Political Democracy
- (c) Social Democracy
- (d) Liberal Democracy

Q4. Right to constitutional remedies comes under:

- (a) Natural Rights
- (b) Legal Rights
- (c) Constitutional Rights
- (d) Fundamental Rights

Q5. In which place did Nelson Mandela spend his 28 years of prison life?

- (a) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- (b) Robbin Island
- (c) Pattaya Island
- (d) Johannesburg

Q6. Which one among the following countries is an example of 'holding together' federation?

- (a) USA
- (b) Switzerland
- (c) Australia
- (d) India

Q7. When was universal Adult Franchise granted in Britain?

- (a) 1926
- (b) 1927
- (c) 1928
- (d) 1929

Q8. When power is taken from central and state governments and given to local governments, it is called:

- (a) Decentralisation
- (b) Centralisation

(c) Urbanization

(d) Democratisation

Q9. In which system, the head of state is usually a person distinct from the head of government?

(a) Presidential System

(b) Monarchical System

(c) Parliamentary System

(d) Dictatorial System

Q10. The Balwant Rai Mehta Committee was constituted to;

(a) Examine the work of Community Development Programme (1952)

(b) Examine the work of Home Ministry

(c) Examine the work of the Indian Army

(d) Examine the Rampant Corruption in India

Q11. 'Apartheid' was a discrimination based on:

(a) Caste

(b) Religion

(c) Gender

(d) Race

Q12. In which year 'Right to Information' (RTI) was passed by the Indian Parliament ?

(a) 2005

(b) 2010

(c) 2016

(d) 2004

Q13. Which organ of the government enforces law?

(a) Legislature

(b) Executive

(c) Judiciary

(d) Chief Justice of India

Q14. Article 17 deals with:

(a) Abolition of Titles

(b) Abolition of Untouchability

(c) Equality of Participation

(d) Equality of Expression

15. Right to vote in India is a :

(a) Legal Right

(b) Fundamental Right

(c) Political Right

(d) Natural Right

Q16 What is Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)?

- (a) Death of a child under one year of age per 1000 live births.
- (b) Death of a child under two years of age per 1000 live births.
- (c) Death of a child under five years of age per 1000 live births
- (d) Death of a child under one year of age per 100 live births.

Q17. In which year National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (NREGA) was started?

- (a) 2000
- (b) 2005
- (c) 2010
- (d) 2015

Q18. What helped Kerala in reducing Poverty?

- (a) Human Resource Development
- (b) Population Control
- (c) Land Reform Measures
- (d) Public distribution of food grains

Q19. In which year the Consumer Protection Act COPRA was enacted?

- (a) 1980
- (b) 1986
- (c) 1991
- (d) 2000

Q20. For which kind of products Agmark' sign is used?

- (a) All agricultural products
- (b) All manufacturing products
- (c) All fertilizer products
- (d) All automobiles

Q21. Globalisation leads to integration of the domestic economy with the world economy through:

- (a) trade movement
- (b) capital flows
- (c) technology flows
- (d) all of the above

Q22. Which of the following activity belong to public sector in India?

- (a) Agriculture
- (b) Water supply
- (c) Small Scale Units
- (d) JIO Infocomm Limited

Q23. Which of the following factor is not responsible for ground water table falling in India?

- (a) Growing Urban Estates
- (b) Excessive use of water for irrigation

(c) Multiple Cropping Pattern

(d) Less use of water for irrigation

Q24. Which of the following measures is not associated with the mitigation of the problem of educated unemployed in India?

(a) Skill training in higher education

(b) Dropout rates in education

(c) Maintaining of Educational Standard

(d) Incentives to given to girl child to pursue higher education

Q25. The level of income which barely meets sustenance is known as:

(a) Income line

(b) Poverty line

(c) Poverty gap

(d) Per Capita Income

Q26. Which of the following factor is not responsible for the adoption of NEP (New Economic Policy) of 1991?

(a) Bad performance of public sector

(b) Good employment condition

(c) Balance of payment deficit

(d) Rising Prices

Q27. Which of the following is an organised sector?

(a) Small and Marginal farmers

(b) A small shop

(c) Office of Municipal Corporation

(d) A small ice factory

Q28. What proportion of total population was SCs or dalits in Palampur village? :

(a) 2/3 of total population

(b) 1/3rd of total population

(c) 3/4th of total population

(d) half of total population

Q29. 'Subsidy' is a payment that:

(a) Government makes to a producer

(b) Government makes to a consumer

(c) Producer makes to the government

(d) Consumer makes to the government

Q30. The main purpose for which farmers take loans from banks is :

(a) Crop production

(b) Consumption purpose

(c) Marriage of children

(d) Education of children

Q31. "Jungvolk" was:

- (a) Aggressive war propaganda
- (b) A group of businessmen in Germany
- (c) A large mass of peasantry
- (d) Nazi youth groups for children below 14 years

Q32. Who wrote an influential pamphlet called 'What is the third Estate'?

- (a) Abbey Sieyes
- (b) Mirabeau
- (c) Robespierre
- (d) Dante

Q33. In 1915; Mahatma Gandhi returned to India from:

- (a) England
- (b) Germany
- (c) Italy
- (d) South Africa

Q34. The head of the German Labour Front was:

- (a) Robert Lay
- (b) Helmuth
- (c) Hjalmar Schacht
- (d) Adolf Hitler

Q35. In 1920, Oudh Kisan Sabha was organised and it was headed by:

- (a) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (b) Baba Ramchandra
- (c) Both, (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above

Q36. When National Assembly of France passed a decree abolishing the feudal system of obligations and taxes?

- (a) 4th July, 1789
- (b) 4th August, 1789
- (c) 4th September, 1789
- (d) 4 October, 1789

Q37. Who was the author of 'Two Treatise of Government'?

- (a) Jean Jacque Rousseau
- (b) Karl Marx
- (c) John Locke
- (d) Plato

Q38. Which among the following book proposed a division of power within the government between the legislative, the executive and the Judiciary?

(a) Two Treatise of Government

(b) The Spirit of Law

(c) The Republic

(d) The Politics

Q39. The idea of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity come from which revolution?

(a) Russian Revolution

(b) American Revolution

(c) Industrial Revolution

(d) French Revolution

Q40. Gandhiji began civil disobedience movement by:

(a) Boycotting foreign clothes

(b) Signing Gandhi-Irwin Pact

(c) Breaking Salt law at Dandi

(d) Boycotting Rowlatt Act

Q41. Giuseppe Mazzini belonged to:

(a) Germany

(b) Italy

(c) France

(d) England

Q42. The first Indian Jute Mill was established in 1917 in:

(a) Bombay

(b) Madras

(c) Calcutta

(d) Kanpur

Q43. Which one of the countries did not participate in the first world war?

(a) Turkey

(b) India

(c) France

(d) Britain

Q44. France was declared a republic on:

(a) 21st September, 1792

(b) 21st January, 1793

(c) 7th February, 1794

(d) 5th May, 1789

Q45. Who among the following proclaimed himself as incarnation of God?

(a) C.R. Das

(b) Shaukat Ali

(c) Alluri Sita Ram Raju

(d) Baba Ramchandra

Q46. Which of the following relief features of India largely composed of old crystalline igneous are metamorphic rocks?

- (a) The Northern Plain (b) The Himalayan Mountains
(c) The Peninsular Plateau (d) The Indian Desert

Q47. In which of the following areas the streams disappear?

- (a) terai (b) khadar
(c) bhabar (d) bhangar

Q48. The Programme of Government of India, under which local communities involved in the Management and Restoration of Degraded Forest:

- (a) Chipko Movement (b) Navdanya
(c) Joint Forest Management (JFM) (d) None of the above

Q49. The upland which separates two drainage basin is known as:

- (a) Catchment area (b) Water divide
(c) Drainage Pattern (d) None of the above

Q50. 'Petroleum Refineries' does not Act as 'Nodal Industry' for :

- (a) Synthetic Textile Industry (b) Chemical Fertilizer Industry
(c) Steel industry (d) Chemical Industries

Q51. The Tropic of Cancer does not pass through the state of :

- (a) Odisha (b) Mizoram
(c) Chhattisgarh (d) Rajasthan

Q52. The resources classified on the basis of origin are called :

- (a) Biotic and abiotic resources
(b) Renewable and non-renewable resources
(c) Developed and potential resources
(d) Individual and community owned resources

Q53. Which of the following is not a measure of Soil Conservation?

- (a) Strip Cropping (b) Creation of Shelter Belt

(c) Contour Ploughing

(d) Sheet Erosion

Q54. River Brahmaputra in Tibet is known as:

(a) Dihang

(b) Dibang

(c) Lohit

(d) Tsangpo

Q55. The land which is left without cultivation for one or less than one agricultural year is known as:

(a) Current fallow land

(b) Cultivable waste land

(c) Barren land

(d) Cultivated land

Q56. The soil which is most ideal for cotton production is:

(a) Alluvial soil

(b) Black soil

(c) Yellow soil

(d) Laterite soil

Q57 Which of the two far places are connected with East-West corridor Highway?

(a) Mumbai and Nagpur

(b) Silchar and Porbandar

(c) Mumbai and Kolkata

(d) Nagpur and Silchar

Q58. Which one of the following lakes is salt water lake?

(a) Bhimtal

(b) Tallital

(c) Dal lake

(d) Sambhar lake

Q59. The southernmost latitude of the main land of India is :

(a) 8°6' North Latitude

(b) 8°4' North Latitude

(c) 4°6' North Latitude

(d) 6°8' North Latitude

60. Which of the following rivers does not fall into the Bay of Bengal?

(a) Krishna river

(b) Godavari river.

(c) Narmada river

(d) Kaveri river

Q61. If $x = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$ and $xy = 1$, then $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2}$

- (a) 64 (b) 134
(c) 194 (d) 1/49

Q62. Which of the following is an axiom?

- (a) Definitions
(b) Theorems
(c) Universal truth specific to geometry
(d) Universal truth in all branches of Mathematics

Q63. The number of real roots of the equation $(x-1)^2 + (x-2)^2 + (x-3)^2 = 0$

- (a) 0 (b) 1
(c) 2 (d) 6

Q64. Given system of equations

$$\frac{x}{10} + \frac{y}{5} + 1 = 5, \quad \frac{x}{8} + \frac{y}{6} = 15$$

Then the values of x and y are

- (a) $x=30, y=80$ (b) $x=80, y=20$
(c) $x=20, y=80$ (d) $x=80, y=30$

Q65. One equation of a pair of inconsistent linear equations is $x-3y-5=0$, then the second equation can be :

- (a) $2x-6y=10$ (b) $-2x+6y=5$
(c) $3x-9y=5$ (d) $x+3y=5$

Q66. A fraction becomes $\frac{9}{11}$, if 2 is added to both the numerator and the denominator. If, 3 is added to both the numerator and the denominator it becomes $\frac{5}{6}$. The fraction is:

- (a) $\frac{5}{6}$ (b) $\frac{7}{9}$

(c) $\frac{5}{8}$

(d) $\frac{13}{16}$

Q67. Let S denotes the sum of first K terms of an A.P. whose first term is 'a'. If the common difference 'd' is given by $d = S_K - nS_{K-1} + S_{K-2}$ then 'n' is equal to:

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4

Q68. A round balloon of radius $\sqrt{2}$ m. subtends an angle of 60° at the eye of an observer while the angle of elevation of its centre is 45° . The height of the centre of the balloon is:

(a) 2m

(b) $2\sqrt{2}$ m

(c) 3m

(d) 4 m

Q69. If $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{2}$ then $\sin(\alpha - \beta) = ?$

(a) $\cos \beta$

(b) $\cos 2\beta$

(c) $\sin \alpha$

(d) $\sin 2\alpha$

Q70. If $\sin A = \cos(A - 26^\circ)$ where $3A$ is an acute angle. Then the value of A is:

(a) 18°

(b) 21°

(c) 15°

(d) 29°

Q71. In what ratio of line $x - y = 2$ divides the line segment joining (3, -1) and (8, 9)?

(a) 1:2

(b) 2:1

(c) 2:3

(d) 1:3

Q72. The points (8, 1), (K, -4), (2, -5) are collinear. Then the value of K is:

(a) $K = 1$

(b) $K = 2$

(c) $K = 3$

(d) $K = 4$

Q73. A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at random. What is the probability of drawing a blue marble?

(a) $\frac{1}{5}$

(b) $\frac{2}{5}$

(c) $\frac{3}{5}$

(d) $\frac{4}{5}$

Q74. The mean of n observations \bar{x} . If the first observation is increased by 2, the second by 4, the third by 6, the fourth by 8 and so on, then the new mean is:

(a) $\bar{x} + \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

(b) $\bar{x} + n(n+1)$

(c) $\bar{x} + \frac{n+1}{2}$

(d) $\bar{x} + (n+1)$

Q75. A girl of height 90 cm is walking away from the base of a lamppost at a speed of 1.2 m/s. If the lamp is 3.6 m above the ground the length of her shadow after 4 seconds is:

(a) 1:6 m

(b) 1:2 m

(c) 14 m

(d) 18 m

Q76. The ratio of the areas of a circle and an equilateral triangle whose diameter and a side are respectively equal is:

(a) $\sqrt{3} : \pi$

(b) $\pi : \sqrt{3}$

(c) $2\pi : \sqrt{3}$

(d) $\pi : 2\sqrt{3}$

Q77. A right triangle, whose legs are 15 cm and 20 cm, is made to revolved about its hypotenuse. The total surface area of the solid so obtained is:

(a) $240\pi \text{ cm}^2$

(b) $180\pi \text{ cm}^2$

(c) $420\pi \text{ cm}^2$

(d) 1200π

Q78. The sides of a triangle are x , $x+1$, $2x-1$ and its area is $x\sqrt{10}$, find the value of x :

(a) 12

(b) 6

(c) 18

(d) 5

Q79. A chord of a circle is equal to the radius of the circle, the angle subtended by the chord at a point on the minor arc is:

(a) 60°

(b) 30°

(c) 120°

(d) 150°

Q80. A circle of maximum radius is inscribed in a triangle whose sides are 13 cm, 14 cm and 15 cm. The radius of the circle is:

- (a) 2cm (b) 3 cm
(c) 4cm (d) 5 cm

Q81. In which of the following states Jim Corbett National Park is situated?

- (a) Uttarakhand (b) Gujarat
(c) Madhya Pradesh (d) Tamil Nadu

Q82. The winner of Football (FIFA) World Cup in 2018 was :

- (a) Croatia (b) Germany
(c) France (d) Argentina

Q83. Who has won the title of Australian Open 2021'?

- (a) Daniil Medvedev (b) Novak Djokovic
(c) Roger Federer (d) Rafael Nadal

Q84. Who among the following has written the book entitled "Neel Darpan"?

- (a) Dinabandhu Mitra (b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(c) Ashok Mehta (d) S.N. Sen

Q85. Black soil (regur soil) is ideal for growing which crop ?

- (a) Wheat (b) Cotton
(c) Mustard (d) Potato

Q86. The first party that came into power in newly created state of Telangana is:

- (a) NCP (b) DMK
(c) TDP (d) TRS

Q87. Who among the following preside the joint session of the Parliament ?

- (a) The President of India (b) The Prime Minister
(c) The Speaker of Lok Sabha (d) The Vice President of India

88. Who has won the title of 'Best FIFA Football Award 2020'?

- (a) Lionel Messi (b) Cristiano Ronaldo
(c) Neymar (d) Robert Lewandowski

Q89. Who among the following have been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize 2020 ?

- (a) UNICEF (b) UNESCO
(c) World Food Programme (d) W.T.O.

Q90. Where is the headquarter of Amnesty International?

- (a) Kingston (b) London
(c) Brussels (d) Geneva

Q91., The Angel entrusted with a task to blow trumpet on the Doomsday is :

- (a) Jibrael (b) Mikail
(c) Izrael (d) Israfil

Q92. Prophet Zakariya's son was also a prophet. His name was:

- (a) Ilyas (b) Yunus
(c) Yahya (d) Ismail

Q93. The compilers of the Holy Qur'an divided it into number of Manzil

- (a) 3 (b) 7
(c) 11 (d) 13

Q94. 'Bait-i-Rizwan' took place in the year:

- (a) 5 AH (b) 6 A.H
(c) 7 A.H (d) 8 A.H

Q95. Qutubuddin Aibek ruled during :

- (a) 1175 - 1192 (b) 1206 - 1210
(c) 1210 - 1236 (d) 1266 - 1287

Q96. Fateh Darwaja, the outermost enclosure of Golkonda fort signifies the victory of :

Practice
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(a) Ahmad Shah Abdali

(b) Quli Qutbul Mulk

(c) Hyder Ali

(d) Aurangzeb

Q97. Reshmi Rumal Tehreek was the novel idea of :

(a) Barelvi leaders

(b) Deobandi leaders

(c) Sindhi leaders

(d) Nadvi leaders

Q98. Real name of Shah Waliullah was :

(a) Qutbuddin Ahmad

(b) Ruknuddin Ahmad

(c) Wali Muhammad

(d) Abdul Rahim

Q99. Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi belongs to the :

(a) Chishtiya Sufi Orde

(b) Yasawiya Sufi Order

(c) Roshaniya Sufi Order

(d) Naqshbandi Sufi Order

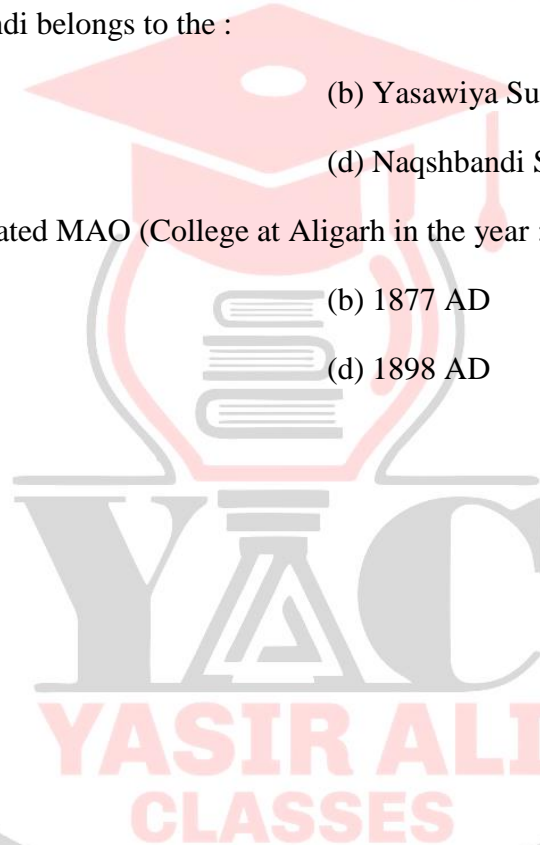
Q100 Lord Lytton inaugurated MAO (College at Aligarh in the year :

(a) 1875 AD

(b) 1877 AD

(c) 1879 AD

(d) 1898 AD





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